### P1 AGRICULTURE Marking Scheme

#### **MOCK**

### **MARCH, 2019**

# **SECTION 'A' (30 MARKS)**

- 1. A team is planning to teach the topic 'plants' to class 4 pupils using discussion method.
  - a) Reasons for using discussion.
    - To measure learner understanding of the topic.
    - To enhance communication skills.
    - Allow learner develop self-confidence.
  - b) Preparations before a group discussion
    - Divide learners/grouping learners.
    - Choose group leaders.
    - Give topic
    - Issue guidance/material.
- 2. A Science teacher is planning to take pupils to an agricultural institution for a lesson on crop field practices.
  - a) Preparations before the visit.
    - Inform learners of the topic.
    - Prepare questionnaire.
    - Inform parents
    - Pre-visit
    - Arrange for meals and transport.
    - Write to institution.
  - b) How can the teacher teach to ensure discipline during the visit?
    - Give clear instructions
    - Take rollcall before entry.
    - Ensure pupils move together.
    - Draw programme.
    - Teacher to be with learners.
    - Take roll call before leaving school.
- 3. A Science teacher has planned to teach a practical lesson on dehorning of calves using hot iron.
  - a) The teacher stated the following objective; "By the end of the lesson the learners will know how to dehorn calves."

Give any two weaknesses of this objective.

- Objective is not measurable, i.e.
- Does not describe the practice skill to be achieved.
- Focuses on learners instead of learner.

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- b) Identify any **four** skills that the teacher could expect the pupil to acquire during this lesson. (4 marks)
  - Skills
  - Restraining
  - Manipulating
  - Observation
  - Measurement
- 4. Identify **four** factors that the teacher should consider while preparing a scheme of work. (4 marks)
  - Availability of teaching resources
  - Syllabus requirement
  - Time availability.
  - Level of learners.
  - \_
- 5. State **four** advantages of using realia in a science lesson.

(4 marks)

- Motivate learners
- Make lesson interesting.
- High retention of knowledge.
- Make learning real.
- Learners have firsthand experience.
- Learners develop skills and attitudes.

#### **SECTION B (40 marks)**

- 6. State **two** advantages of using wood in the construction of farm structures. (2 marks)
  - It is cheap.
  - Attraction.
  - Easily available.
  - Easy to work with.
- 7. Describe **four** ways of stimulating milk Lexadown process in cattle before milking the cow.
  - Taking the cow to the milking shed.
  - Washing udder.
  - Making noise with milking utensils
  - Feeding the cow.
- 8. State **four** factors to consider when selecting a site for an apiary.
  - Accessibility
  - Availability of water
  - Away from noise of flowers/disturbance.
  - Away from predators.
  - Shaded place.
  - Away from homestead.
- 9. Mention **four** factors to consider when selecting methods of irrigation to use in irrigation.
  - Type of crop to be irrigated.
  - Type of soil.

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- Amount of waterTopographyCapital available.
- 10. Give **four** reasons for keeping livestock healthy.
  - High income
  - Longer productive lifespan.
  - Regular breeding.
  - Give high quality products.
  - High production.

## 11. Give **three** advantages of stall feeding.

(3 marks)

- Accumulation of manure.
- Milk production is higher since animals use less energy in movement.
- Easier to control parasites and diseases.
- Stocking rates is higher.
- 12. State **four** maintenance to be carried out in a cattle dip.
  - Plaster cracks
  - Repair leaking roofs.
  - Check strength of acaricides.
  - Clean dipping tanks regularly.
  - Maintain fencing.
  - Prevent pollution of water .....
- 13. State **three** practices that can be used to increase light intensity in growing crops.

(3 marks)

- Planning
- Weeding
- Crop spacing
- 14. Give **four** ways in which soil PH influence growth of crops.

(2 marks)

- Determining availability of nutrients.
- Determine pre-service and activity of microorganisms.
- Determine type of crop to be grown.
- Determine occurrence of certain diseases.
- 15. State **eight** factors that determine soil fertility.
  - Soil fertility
  - Soil depth
  - Drainage
  - Water holding capacity
  - Level of nutrients.
  - Correct soil PH
  - Free from soil born pests.
  - Aeration.
- 16. State any **two** methods of controlling tsetseflies.
  - Bush clearing

- Use impregnated nets
- Spraying
- Sterilization
- 17. Give **three** reasons for dehorning in livestock.
  - Make animal docile
  - Provide space during feeding, drinking, transporting.
  - Reduce injuries to farmer on each other.
- 18. Give **four** benefits of minimum tillage.
  - Reduce cost of land preparation.
  - Soil conservation.
  - Reduce loss of moisture.
  - Prevent root disturbance.
  - Reduce exposure of humus.
- 19. State **six** reasons why agriculture is important in Kenya's economy.
  - Source of food
  - Foreign exchange
  - Raw material for industries.
  - Provide market for industrial goods.
  - Source of income.
  - Provide employment.
- 20. State the function/use for the following farm tools and equipment.

(4 marks)

- (a) Secateurs pruning small branches.
- (b) Drenching gun administering liquid drugs to animals.
- (c) Plump line checking the vertical accuracy of a wall.
- (d) Wire strainer tightening wires when fencing.

#### **SECTION C (30 Marks)**

# Answer any THREE of the questions in the space provided

- 21. Explain the management practices for a dairy cow during gestation period.
  - Deworming
  - Provide clean water
  - Proper feeding
  - Dipping/Spraying
  - Drying off
  - Foot trimming
  - Vaccination
  - Isolate and treat sick cow
  - Dry cow therapy
  - Regular milking
  - Proper hygiene.
- 22. (a) Describe advantages of intercropping.
  - Provide good cover hence prevent soil erosion.
  - Control of pests and diseases.
  - Improve soil fertility since legume is included.
  - Farms get variety of food.
  - Control of weeds.
  - Leads to better utilization of nutrients.
  - Diversification hence reduces .....

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- (b) State reasons for storing crop produce after harvest.
- To ensure availability between harvesting seasons.
- To speculate for better prices.
- To assemble before bulk transport.
- To assemble for processing.
- 23. State the importance of various types of records kept on dairy farm.
- 24. Describe the importance of fences.

(10 marks)

- Control spead of diseases
- Establish boundaries
- Control breeding.

### End