ART AND CRAFT
P1 – PRE-S (2017 / 2019 GROUP)
PAPER 1
MOCK EXAMINATION
MARCH, 2019
TIME: 2¹/₂ HOURS

MOCK - ART AND CRAFT, PAPER 1

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- This paper consists of Sections A, B and C.
- Answer all the questions in the spaces provided. Answer all questions in section A and B, but in Section C, answer question 6 and any other ONE question.
- Clear handwriting makes it easier for the examiner to award marks. So, take care of the pen and ink and style of your lettering.
- Any technical drawing work should be done using a pencil. But it is not allowed to draw in pencil and then label in ink.

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SECTION	QUESTION	MAXIMUM SCORE	CANDIDATE'S SCORE
A	1	10	
	2	05	
	3	05	
	4	10	
В	5	10	
	6	10	
C	7	10	
	8	10	
ТО	TAL SCORE	60	

SECTION 'A' (20 MARKS)

Answer the following questions In drawing from observation, you may look at something (e.g. and object) and gr shape or form on paper. There are two ways of practicing this, as is done in a cla	± •
and	
Briefly explain by giving two examples of what this craftsman does a carpenter.	
Name the line shown herein in technical drawing.	•
	In drawing from observation, you may look at something (e.g. and object) and gr shape or form on paper. There are two ways of practicing this, as is done in a classical and and

ii) What is	its function?
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- c) In concrete block-making, what is a mould?
- d) Identify **two** major components of drama and briefly explain how they are carried out.
- e) Give **two** methods of bridging wall-openings.

f)	In orthographic First Angle Projection, there are dihedral planes of projection.	Where (i.e. planes) are
	the following views projected?	

PLAN?

- g) If a drawing is showing objects (e.g. a jug and a cup) which are accompanied by their shadows going towards one direction, what could be the reason for this?
- h) Explain the meaning of the word "bonding" as it refers to the building of a wall.
- i) Briefly describe how you would re-produce the texture of a certain surface by "rubbing".
- 2) Imagine that a clay pot is standing on a flat ground and you are looking at it; then you decide to draw it. If there is light falling on it from the left side at an angle of 45° to the ground, USE DOTS ONLY to show the dark-and-light effect on your picture.

 5mks
- 3) During the initial teaching of technical drawing to standard 7 pupils, sub-topic: TYPES OF LINES:
- a) Write down what you would explain about "object line":
 - i) Nature of line?

¹/2mk

ii) Use in drawing work?

1½mk

b) In isometric drawing, explain TWO important factors that enable you to construct a figure correctly.

2mks

c) In technical drawing, what is a pictorial drawing?

1mk

SECTION 'B' (20 MARKS)

- 4) As you teach about MOSAIC to standard seven pupils, in your second lesson you want to show them how to create a picture of a cock using dry banana fibres.
- a) Describe the procedure of conducting this exercise in class as you show them (under the headings):
 - i. "MATERIALS AND ADHESIVES".

1mk

ii. "DRAWING A SKETCH ON THE BACKING MATERIAL".

1mk

iii. 'THE TESSERAE PLAN''.

2mks

iv. "THE STICKING/PASTING WORK, TO FORM A PICTURE".

2mks

b)	It is suggested that there would be "class re-organization" about three times for a lesson like this one. Explain TWO instances of a moment like that. 2mks
c)	There are two very important steps that the teacher should conduct as CONCLUSION / EVALUATION for such a lesson. Describe them. 2mks
5) a)	You are going to teach standard eight pupils a lesson on BUILDING CONSTRUCTION, sub-topics "Starting the foundation walls at the bottom of a trench". First you demonstrate how strings are tied at the profiles of the two walls that make one corner. Explain the following as you go along:
i	How is the said corner located using the plumb bob?
ii	How is the corner set up using two concrete blocks? 3mks
b)	The next thing for your teaching during the subsequent lessons will be setting up all the corners of the building.
i	Explain how to build a wall with blocks between any two set corners. 2mks
ii)	When one level of wall-blocks is complete around the building, what is the name given to that? 1/2mk
iii)	In stretcher bonding of blocks along the wall, mortar is filled in the spaces between the blocks using a trowel. What is the technical name for the vertical joint? 1/2mk
c)	As a teacher, how will you explain the reasons for leaving wall-openings as you build superstructure walls of a building:
i	Door openings. 2mks
ii	Window openings. 1mk
	SECTION 'C' (20 MARKS)
An	swer question <u>6</u> and any other <u>ONE</u> question.
6)	The illustration below shows an isometric drawing of a W solid block. The dimensions are mm. Draw to full scale the three views of the block in First Angle Orthographic Projection. Use the face marked F as the Front Elevation (i.e if the figure is turned upward). 10mks
7) a)	In batching work, state where the following ratios will be used for concrete. (½ mark each)
i	4: 3: 1
ii	6: 3: 1
iii	4: 2: 1
iv	

b)	Explain FIVE steps of further dry-mixing of concrete materials after batching has be	en done. 5mks
c)	Ready concrete is soft (or, plastic mass). How is it used to make concrete blocks?	2mks
d)	Before concrete blocks are strong and ready for building work, how do you cure then	n? 1mk
8) a)	In the colour wheel below, name the colours labelled A, B, C, D, E, F.	(½ mark each)
	A	
	В	
	C	
	D	
	E	
	F	
b)	Different types of colour materials used in painting and other colour work are known media".	as "colour
	List SIX types of colour media that you know.	3mks
c)	To paint is to cover a surface with liquid colour, may be, to decorate it in a certain co	lour or colours,
	using a brush or brushes. Give just THREE reasons why people get inspired to paint.	3mks
d)	When painting a picture, if you want to brighten a colour area (say, by adding white t	o a painted
	colour) this is known as, and in the same way	
	when you want to darken an area of a colour, this is known as	
		1mk