#### 2012

#### **PI SCIENCE**

#### MOCK. MARCH 2019 MARKING SCHEME

1. a) i. Ask learners to describe how smoke from a fire moves. (2 marks)

- ii. The introduction should be:-
  - Relevant
  - Interesting

b)

- Is teacher centred/learners are passive;
- Skills like manipulation are not developed
- Many attitudes are not developed e.g co-operation, self confidence, responsibility.

(Any  $3 \ge 1 = 3$  marks)

c)

- Setting up the experiment/assembling the materials
- Observing the experiment/making observations
- Recording the observations
- Asking and answering questions/discussing the observations.
- 2. a) By the end of the lesson, the learner should be able to observe weeds in the locality.

(1 mark)

b) Collect different types of weeds, identify and pre-visit a site with weeds; prepare guiding questions.

(3 x 1 = 3 marks)

c)

- Collecting weeds
- Observing and identifying weeds
- Describing weeds
- Drawing/mounting different types of weeds in their books
- Going for a nature walk to observe weeds.

(2 x 1 = 2 marks)

d) Mounding weeds/pictures Drawing diagrams

(2 x 1 = 2 marks)

3. a.

- Go out and pour water on the ground/soil and observe what happens to the soil
- Fan the soil/ground using the cardboard and observe the soil.

- Discuss agents of soil erosion from the observations.
- (3 x 1 = 3 marks) b.
- c.

## d. Skills

- Observation
- Formulation of hypothesis
- Drawing conclusion  $(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$

#### Attitudes

- Genuine interest
- Curiosity
- Open mindedness  $(2 \times 1 = 2 \text{ marks})$

4. a)

- Making weather instruments takes a long time
- Making weather observations requires a long time.

b)

- Functionalism; workmanship/neatness/creativity
- Originality; suitability of materials used/quality of products
- Durability; safety of the materials used.

c) Borrowing; purchasing, collecting from the environment. (2 x 1 = 2 marks)

d)

- When the apparatus are expensive
- If the apparatus are not available.

(2 x 1 = 2 marks)

5. a) Reasons for preparing a lesson plan.

- Present concepts and skills in a systematic manner; manage time well; to know which points to emphasize; when and how to use teaching/learning resources
- Collect teaching/learning resources aids ahead of time
- Achieve confidence in content delivery

- b) i. Social effects of drug abuse
  - Marital conflicts
  - Drug induced accidents
  - Dropping out of school
  - Truancy
  - Fighting
  - Loss of income
  - Rape

ii. Health effects of drug abuse

- Poor health
- Lack of concentration
- Impaired judgement
- Loss of consciousness (blackout)
- Addiction, fits, withdrawal
- Coma/death
- Poor health of unborn babies

c)

- Most learners were able to state effects of drug abuse.
- Some learners were unable to differentiate between social and health effects of drug abuse

(2 x 1 = 2 marks)

d)

- Drug abuse leads to impaired judgment which may result in persons engaging in unprotected sex
- Some drug addicts share syringes, blood which is one way of HIV transmission.
- 6. a) i. A Upwards and outwards
  - B Upwards and inwards
  - C Downwards and inwards
  - D Downwards and outwards

(4 x 1 = 4 marks)

- ii. Recall of knowledge (1 mark)
- c) Disadvantages of essay tests to the learners
  - Marking is subjective
  - Can present problems to learners with difficulties in language

• A small content area of the syllabus is assessed/evaluated

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(3 x 1 = 3 marks)
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## SECTION B

7. a) i.

- Suitable scale; 1
- Labeling; 1
- Correctly plotted points; 1
- Smooth curve; 1

## ii. 34.5(0.5) - 13.5(0.5); = 2.857cm/day 19 - 12 = 3.143cm/day; Deny I mark if units not indicated

| iii. Between day 10 and day 15;                             | (1 mark)          |
|---|-------------------|
| iv. Mixing with ash; dust with insecticide; smoking; drying | (2 x 1 = 2 marks) |

| 8. a) The plastic materials are non biodegradable                  | (1 mark)             |
|--|----------------------|
| b) Prevent oxygen from entering the water making it unsuitable for | -                    |
| c) Damage to the eardrum   | (1 mark)<br>(1 mark) |
| 9. a) Air occupies space.  |                      |

b) Air in the bottle will escape; water will flow into the bottle to replace the air. (2 marks)

- c) Air exerts pressure: Air expands when heated: Air has weight: Air has no definite shape (1 mark)
- d) When filling containers with liquids. (1 mark)

10. a) Meteors and commets

- b) Characteristics of amphibians
  - Cold blooded
  - Have no scales
  - Moist skin
  - Lay eggs in shallow water
  - Adult amphibians breath by lungs, moist skin and mouth cavity
  - Young amphibians (tadpoles) breath by gills
  - Live partly in water and partly on land.

(3 x 1 = 3 marks)

11. a) Disadvantages of vegetative propagation.

- Breeding of new varieties is difficult
- Cannot be stored for long without losing viability
- Bulky and difficult to handle, store and transport
- Diseases/pests are easily transmitted to the new plants
- It gradually reduces the strength and vigour of succeeding generations of plants.

(3 x 1 = 3 marks)

b) i. Inclined plane

It makes work easier by reducing the effort used to do the work but through a longer distance. (1 mark)

## ii. Uses of inclined planes

- To lift/transport heavy objects
- Split objects(cut)
- Fasten objects together

# 12. a)

- Temperature increase in temperature increases speed of sound and vice versa
- Humidity increase in humidity increases speed of sound and vice versa.
- Direction of wind.

b) Advantages of hard water

- Contains magnesium and calcium which are essential for strong bones
- It is tasty

13. i. Advernal gland

- ii. Antidiuretic hormone
- 14. a) Physical properties of CO<sub>2</sub>
  - It is denser than air
  - It sublimes at 78°
  - It is poisonous
  - It turns moist blue litmus paper red
  - It has a pleasant taste
  - b) Carbonate: Chalk dust Magadi Baking powder
    Acid; Lemon juice
    (1 x 1 = 1 mark)
    - Acid; Lemon juice Car battery acid Vinegar

(1 x 1 = 1 mark)